



## Unnat Bharat Abhiyan

### IIT Bombay's participation

Presentation at IIT Delhi on September 17, 2015

### Mechanism & Activities

## CTARA Highlights

- Centre at IIT Bombay since 1985
- M Tech. in Technology & Development since 2007
- Interdisciplinary in nature
- Focus on field experience, solving real life problems, targets the bottom 80%
- ▶ Technology , analysis and quantification
  - for development
- Research in Technology and Policy





## CTARA Technologies





Innovation – reduced burden



Sold by local blacksmiths

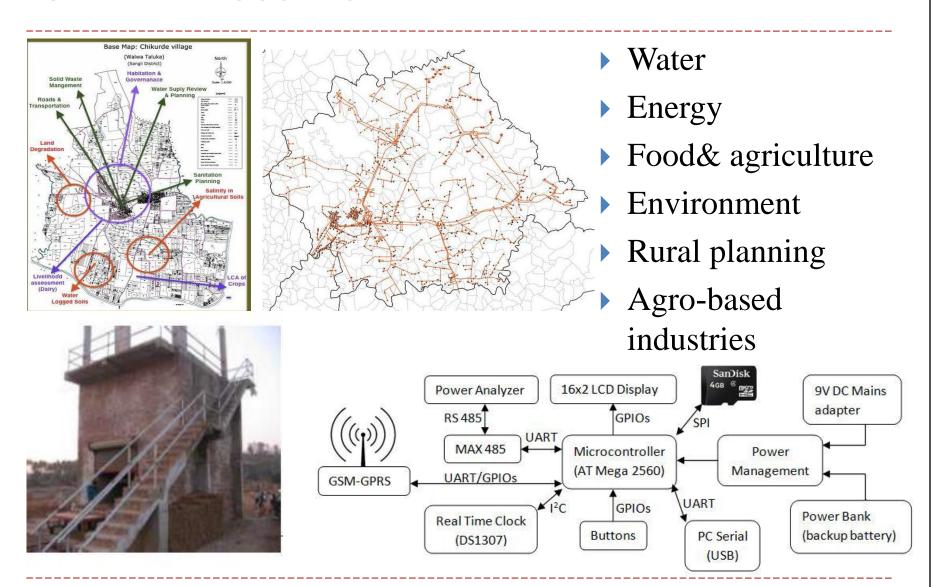


Improved Herbal oil extraction process



Twisted tape swirlers

#### CTARA Research



## I. Unnat Bharat Abhiyan - Mechanism

- ▶ Five **GOALS** of UBA
  - introduce the development agenda within academic discourse and processes
  - inculcate a methodology of field-work and interdisciplinarity in academic processes
  - make higher education institutions as regional knowledge providers for regional problems
  - improve development outcomes such as sadak, bijli, pani through better knowledge
  - inculcate a scientific thinking within society, esp.

However the work at CTARA is more systemic or sectoral and not only about specific villages and yet satisfy the broad objectives enshrined by Unnat Bharat Abhiyan.

## Achieving goals of UBA through CTARA

## Goal 1: introduce the development agenda within academic discourse and processes

### Academic Programs

- M Tech. program in Technology and Development (TD)
- Ph. D program
- The Technology and Development Supervised Learning (TDSL)
- Minor program in Technology and Development for B Tech.

#### Students Enrollment

M Tech.	64
Ph. D	20
TDSL	> 500 since 2010



## Technology & Development Supervised Learning (TDSL)

Design of watershed interventions

Electricity supply monitoring

Drinking water security assessment

Documenting pottery making techniques

Water sources status

Brick making practices and interventions

Oral histories of peoples issues

Agro-based industrial

Development

mapping

NREGA analysis

Chulla dissemination and cooking practices

Soil and agricultural

practices

Low-cost pulse recorder

Understanding public health systems

Design of piped-water supply schemes

Economic analysis of weekly markets

Analysis of sewage mgmt. techniques

Analysis and design of solar based pumping systems

Techno-economic analysis of poultry farms

Failure analysis of water schemes

Survey and analysis of bio-gas plants

Village-level environmental planning

Low-cost power meters

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## Achieving goals of UBA through CTARA

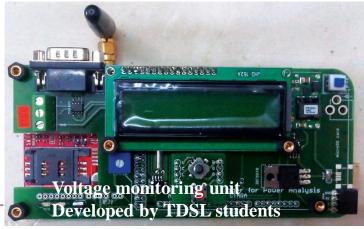
## Goal 2: inculcate a methodology of field-work and interdisciplinarity in academic processes

## A. Extensive field experience for most of the courses such as:

- TDSL B Tech. fieldwork intensive course with 4-5 field visits
- TD 609 Field stay (10 weeks field stay in a village)
- TD 602 Soil, Land use GIS, Agriculture
- TD 605 Appropriate Technology
- TD 691 Development Protocol
- TD 603 Water Resource Management

B. Interdisciplinary research work both by M Tech. and Ph. D students





## Summer Field Stay

March

April

May -July

July

August

Identification of Village and DR

Student –
Project –
Guide Tieup

Field Work,
Faculty
Visits

Experience Sharing

Draft Report,
Development of
Indices











## Achieving goals of UBA through CTARA

## Goal 3: make higher education institutions as regional knowledge providers for regional problems

#### Local Collaboration

Resolutions of Government of Maharashtra

Collaboration with local Engineering Colleges

TDSL (project based B Tech. course)

TDSC (consultant to NGO, GP, Muncipal bodies and district authority

TEQIP (teachers of regional engineering colleges)





#### Resolutions of Government of Maharashtra

#### **GR-Water and Sanitation**

#### GR-Higher & Technical Education

ग्रामीण पाणी पुरवठा योजनांच्या त्रयस्थ तांत्रिक परिक्षणासाठी मार्गदर्शक सूचना.

#### महाराष्ट्र शासन

#### पाणी पुरवठा व स्वच्छता विभाग

शासन निर्णय क्रमांकः ग्रापाधो–१९१४/प्र.क्र.६१/पापु–०७

७ वा मजला, गोकुळदास तेजपाल रुग्णालय इमारत संकुल, मंत्रालय, मुंबई-४०० ००१

तारीख: १५ जून, २०१५

#### वाचा :

- १) शासन निर्णय क्रमांकः ग्रापाधो-१९१४/प्र.क.२२/पापु-०७, दिनांक ९ जुलै,२०१४
- २) शासन निर्णय क्रमांकः ग्रापाधो-११०९/प्र.क.१०४(अ)/पाप्-०७, दिनांक १७ मार्च,२०१०

#### प्रस्तावना :

ग्रामीण पाणी पुरवठा व स्वच्छता क्षेत्रात सुधारणा तसेच विकेंद्रीकरण घडवून आणण्यात महाराष्ट्र राज्य देशात अग्रेसर आहे. राज्याच्या १९२.४ दशलक्ष लोकसंख्येपैकी ६१.८ दशलक्ष (सुमारे ५५%) लोकसंख्या ग्रामीण भागात राहते. राज्याचा लोकसंख्येच्या दृष्टिने देशात दुसरा तर क्षेत्रफळाच्या बाबतीत तिसरा क्रमांक लागतो. राज्यात ३३ जिल्हे असून त्यामध्ये २८,८१३ ग्रामपंचायतीचा व सुमारे १८.८४२ वस्त्यांचा समावेश होतो.

राज्य शासनाच्या पाणी पुरवठा व स्वच्छता विभागामार्फत पाणी पुरवठा व स्वच्छता विषयक वार्वीसंबंधी धोरणे ठरविणे, कार्यक्रमाची अंमलबजावणी व देखरेख या बाबी प्रामुख्याने हाताळल्या जातात. जिल्हा पातळीवर जिल्हा परिषदा व गाव पातळीवर ग्राम पंचायती ह्या कार्यक्रमाची अंमलबजावणी करणाऱ्या प्रमुख संस्था आहेत. महाराष्ट्र जीवन प्राधिकरण आणि भुजल सर्वेक्षण व विकास यंत्रणा या राज्य स्तरावरील तांत्रिक संस्थामार्फत तांत्रिक तझ/कर्मचारी (जिल्हा परिषदावर प्रतिनियुक्तीन), तसेच गरजेनुसार तांत्रिक सहाय्य पुरविले जाते. क्षेत्रिय/प्रादेशिक स्तरावरील वंगवेगळ्या संस्थामध्ये त्यांची भूमिका आणि जबाबदाऱ्या यांची व्यवस्थित मांडणी करण्यात आलेली असली तरी आजही त्यांच्यामार्फत रावविण्यात येणाऱ्या कार्यक्रमाच्या नियोजन, अंमलबजावणी व देखरेख यामध्ये समन्वयाचा अभाव आहे.

संदर्भाधीन क्र.१ येथील शासन निर्णयान्वये ग्रामीण पाणी पुरवठा योजनांसाठी तांत्रिक मान्यता, प्रशासकीय मान्यता, अंमलबजावणी, त्रयस्थ तांत्रिक परीक्षण व देखभाल दुरुस्तीबाबत सुधारित महाराष्ट्र राज्याच्या विकासाच्या दृष्टीने अमियांत्रिकी शिक्षण आणि संशोधन यामध्ये सुधारणा करण्यासंदर्भात कार्य गटाची स्थापना करणेबाबत...

महाराष्ट्र शासन

उच्च व तंत्र शिक्षण विभाग

शासन निर्णय क्रमांकः बैठक – ३६११/(५६/१५)/तांशि – २

हुतात्मा राजगूरु चौक, मादाम कामा मार्ग,

मंत्रालय, मुंबई ४०० ०३२.

तारीख: २८ एप्रिल, २०१५

#### प्रस्तावना –

राज्यातील विविध सामाजिक स्वरुपाच्या प्रश्नांची संशोधनाब्दारे उकल करुन त्यावर अचूक उपाययोजना शोधण्याच्या दृष्टीने विविध शासकीय यंत्रणा व शैक्षणिक संस्था यांच्या दृष्ट्यान महत्त्वाच्या गंभीर समस्यांसंदर्भातील संशोधन वृद्धिगत करण्याकरिता आणि प्रकल्प निहाय निरिनराळ्या योजनांमध्ये अभियांत्रिकी तसेच अन्य व्यावसायिक अभ्यासक्रमांमध्ये शिक्षण घेणाऱ्या विद्यार्थ्यांचा सहभाग घेऊन त्या अनुषंगाने विविध विभागांतर्गत उपक्रमांमध्ये ठोस उपाययोजना सुचिण्याकरिता मा. मुख्यमंत्री महोदयांकरिता वि. २३.०३.२०१५ रोजी बैठक पार पडली. सदरहू बैठकीत श्री. मिलिंद सोहणी, चेअर प्राध्यापक, सी.टी.अ.आर.ए. ॲन्ड सी.एस.ई., आय.आय.टी., पवई, मुंबई यांनी सादरीकरण केले. सदर सादरीकरणाच्या अनुषंगाने राज्यातील विविध सामाजिक स्वरुपाच्या प्रश्नांची संशोधनाव्दारे उकल करुन त्यावर अचूक उपाययोजना शोधण्याच्या दृष्टीने एक कार्य गट स्थापन करण्याचे निश्चित करण्यात आले आहे. त्यानुसार खालीलप्रमाणे कार्य गट गठीत करण्यात येत आहे.

अ.क्र.	कार्य गटाच्या सदस्याचे नाव व पदनाम	पद
१	डॉ. महाजन, संचालक , तंत्र शिक्षण संचालनालय, मुंबई	अध्यक्ष
7	श्री. मिर्लीद सोहोनी, चेअर प्राध्यापक, सी.टी.ए.आर.ए. ॲण्ड सी.एस.ई., आय.आय. टी., पवई, मुंबई.	सदस्य
¥	श्रीमती मृदूल सामरे, वरीष्ठ लेखाधिकारी, पाणी पुरवठा व स्वच्छता विभाग, मंत्रालय, मुंबई ३२	सदस्य
8	श्री. जे. डी. भुतांगे, संचालक, व्यवसाय शिक्षण	सदस्य
ч	डॉ. आर.आर. आसावा, प्रभारी संचालक (प्रशिक्षण)	सदस्य
٩	श्री. ढोके, उप सचिव, आदिवासी विकास विभाग, मंत्रालय, मुंबई - ३२	सदस्य
9	श्री. एस.ई.ए.हाशमी, क्षमता विकास जल स्वराज्य २, तज्ञ	सदस्य

## Technology & Development Solutions Cell (TDSC)

- Address development consultancy / solutions requirements of regional bodies like municipal corporations& GPs
- Payment model!
- Develop Service model for the bottom 80% that *engages young engineers*
- Formulate development protocols & case studies for dissemination to regional colleges
- Provide launching pad for entrepreneurial careers in the development sector
- Development of course work, manuals and training modules



Watershed intervention at Kurlod Botoshi Mokhada, Thana Dist.



Drinking water model for Themba Village Shahpur, Thane Dist.

## Achieving goals of UBA through CTARA

## Goal 4: improve development outcomes such as sadak, bijli, pani through better knowledge

## Collaborations with government agencies and impact through research works:

Ministry of Rural Development fellowship (research to improve ourcomes of flagship projects of MoRD)

MoUs with towns, district administrations and talukas (e.g., Parbhani, Shahpur, Thane, Manchar)

Technology and Development Solutions Cell (TDSC)

Hindustan Aeronautics Limited (HAL) -CSR fellowships

NGO (directed research during TD609)

Rural Technology Action Group (RuTAG)

Assessments/Evaluations for GoM and ZP





## Achieving goals of UBA through CTARA

## Goal 5: inculcate a scientific thinking within society, esp. about development

Interaction with communities through different activities such as:

Working with MPs, MLAs, GPs, civil society

Give talk, publish articles, contribute to scientific papers, conduct exhibitions by showcasing innovations & technology in the science community

Cooking energy solutions

Malnutrition among children

Community level biogas plan

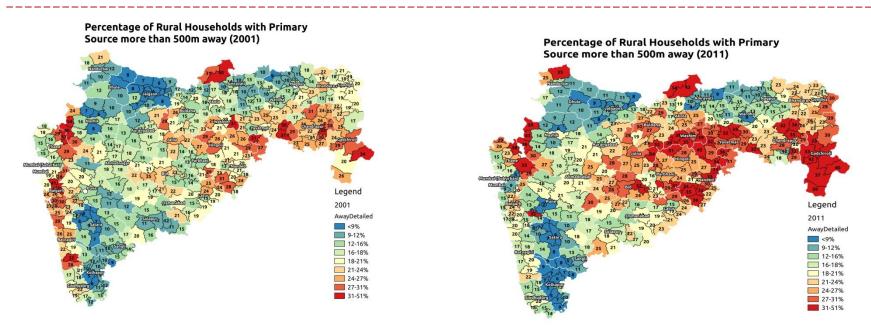
Losses and poor voltage regulation on rural distribution network

Drinking water scheme for tanker fed villages in Mokhada taluka





## Challenges-Development!



- Development outcomes stagnant or worsening- drinking water, cooking energy, small and medium enterprises, environment
- Urgent need to reform Higher Education and Research

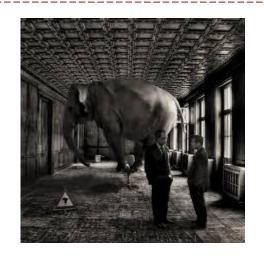
UBA an important initial step

### Challenges: Several Elephants in the room

## Poor understanding of the development agenda within the IITs/IISERS/NITs

Cooking energy, drinking water, sanitation etc. require the highest amount of intellect and rigour

The road to global excellence is through solving concrete problems



#### Incentives going the wrong way

Institutions: Main accountability lies in holding JEE/GATE and writing papers

Faculty: Easier to publish and present in Hong Kong than to work in a district. And it counts!

Students: Few go to Indian engineering. Very little training/research related to Indian situations.

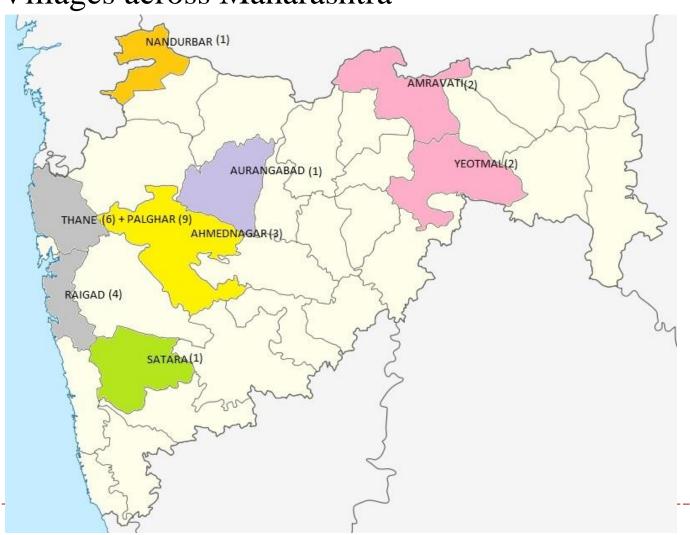


## Way Ahead

- Create space in current academic programs for *inter-disciplinary* development engineering.
- Develop case-study model as valid academic and research output. Start a Development Engineering Section on *Sadhana* and *Current Science*
- Allow for cross-disciplinary faculty and create intermediate and adjunct positions
- Reform TEQIP to enable collaborations with regional colleges on development agenda
- Create engagement opportunities between state agencies and academia
- Tie fraction of DST/DBT etc. funding to long-term engagement based research

## II. Unnat Bharat Abhiyan- Activities

UBA Villages across Maharashtra



## List of Villages/Faculty

	Districts	Taluka	Village		
ı		Shahapur	Sakadbav	Bakul Rao	
2			Vehloli BK	Bakul Rao	
3	Thona		Kharade	Bakul Rao	
4	Thane		Ambekhor	Bakul Rao	
5			Ambivali	Bakul Rao	
6		Bhivandi	Savaroli	S Kedare/U Bhandarkar	
7		Mokhada	Khoch	Puru Kulkarni / Milind	
				Sohoni	
8			Palsunde	Om Damani	
9			Dolhare	Priya Jadhav	
10			Koshimshet	N.C.Narayanan	
П	Palghar	Wada	Kochepada	S Kedare/U Bhandarkar	
12	0	Vasai	Saivan	S Kedare/U Bhandarkar	
13			Arnala FortVillage	S Kedare/U Bhandarkar	
14		Talasari	Paraspsda	Ganesh Ramakrishnan	
15		Vikramgarh	Kondgaon (Bhopoli)	Narendra Shah	

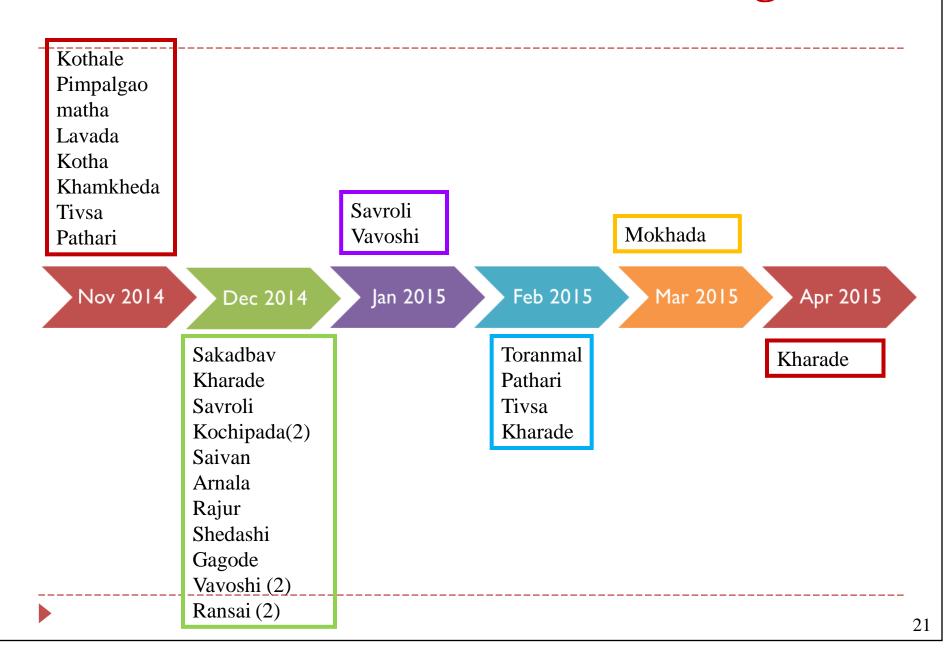
## List of Villages/Faculty

	Districts	Taluka	Village	
16	Ahmednagar	Akola	Rajur	Narendra Shah
17			Kothale	S Kedare/U Bhandarkar
18		Sangamner	Pimpalgao matha	S Kedare/U Bhandarkar
19	Amravati	Dharani	Lawada	S Kedare/U Bhandarkar
20			Kotha	S Kedare/U Bhandarkar
21	Aurangabad	Aurangabad	Khamkheda	S Kedare/U Bhandarkar
22	Yeotmal	Yeotmal	Tivsa	S Kedare/U Bhandarkar
23		Pandarikavra	Pathari	S Kedare/U Bhandarkar
24		Pen	Shedashi	Anand Rao
25	Daigad		Gagode	Anand Rao
26	Raigad	Khalapur	Ransai	Anand Rao
27			Vavoshi	Anand Rao
28	Satara	Phaltan	Kapshi	Vikram Gadre
29	Raigad		Hirewadi	Ganesh Ramakrishnan

#### Research Themes

- ▶ Water Milind Sohoni (15 faculty)
- ▶ Energy Priya Jadhav (21 faculty)
- Agriculture Amit Arora (14 faculty)
- ▶ Health Santosh Noronha (12 faculty)
- ▶ Education Raja Mohanty (11 faculty)
- ▶ Livelihood D Parthasarathy (11 faculty)
- Sanitation, Food, Planning, Transportation, Governance few faculty
  - Detail out goals and activities of thematic groups

## Timeline of UBA team visit to villages



## GP Meeting at Shahapur 11<sup>th</sup> Dec 2014

## Water Survey in Vavoshi 11<sup>th</sup> Jan 2015









# Baseline Survey in Kharade GP (14<sup>th</sup> Feb 2015)

- Survey was done mainly by NSS students, with the help of Mtech. students from CTARA and IDC
- ▶ Sample size: 173 HH from 10 padas
- **Some of the findings are:** 
  - Around 80% people are in BPL status
  - ▶ 70% villagers leave waste water in open due to lack of proper waste water disposal system
  - Around 64% people have well as their source of drinking water, which may be contaminated
  - Due to absence of any hospital facility in the village, more than 50% people go to private hospitals in Dolkham, Shahapur or sometime as far as Kalyan for treatment
  - More than 90% people depend on firewood as fuel for cooking





## PRA in Kharade GP (2<sup>nd</sup> April 2015)

- Covered 3 padas- Padwalpada,Kharade and Changyachapada
- Around 30 students conducted this activity
- Activities: Transect walk, Seasonality, Timeline, Venn diagram, Daily routine, Resource map, Social map, Focused group discussion, Issue ranking







### Projects in UBA villages

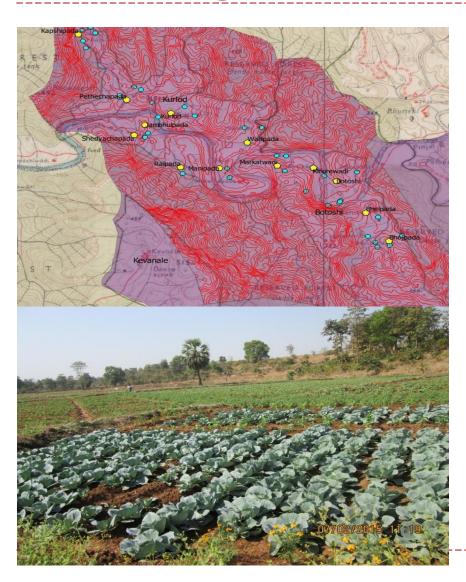
## Proposed work in thematic areas

- RuTAG Projects in rural areas
- Technology and development of mobile lab (water, energy, soil, agriculture, envt.)
- Affordable ice making machines for boats and affordable desalination machine for boats from available heat in engine exhaust (applied under RuTAG)
- Kurlod-Botoshi integrated plan
- Developing a computer workflow system for filing and tracking scheme form and use of mobile based IVRS (Interactive Voice Response System) with TRTI
- Medical nutrition therapy (MNT) testing
- Water quality of available drinking water and other waterrelated issues conducted, devt. of software EPANET and water quality mapping
- Deshelling machine for the marking nut via a project through a Tata Center.
- Training and documentation center for Bamboo workers near Kotha and Lavada villages.

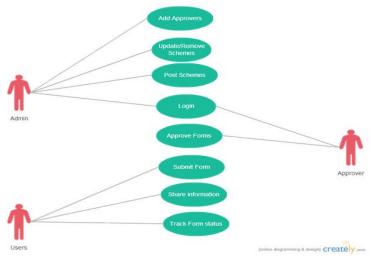
- Livelihood opportunities: bamboo artisans, organic farming,brick klin
- Energy: Biogas, solar, biofuels
- Health-care: Self-learning material and low-cost vital sign measuring device
- Alternatives to traditional stoves biogas, improved chulhas, swirlers
- Rural supply chain of LPG
- Low cost solution for agro products
  - Cashew nuts disinfestation
  - Rice puffing
  - Agri produce drying

# Kurlod-Botoshi integrated plan & Horticulture opportunity in Mokhada villages

## Biogas and IVRS projects in Talasari







## Unnat Bharat Abhiyan

- ▶ Ideas / comments welcome
- Active Participation requested
- ▶ Student engagement CTARA + rest of Institute
- Modalities
- Integration with existing projects, courses
- ▶ Detailed plan November 2015
- Subsequently interactions with Govt, NGOs, Local leaders and request for feedback/ support/ funding

## Thank you